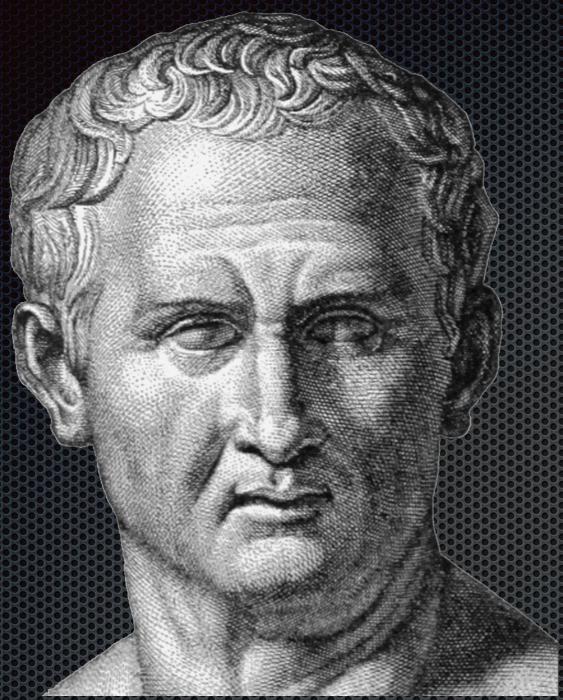


TURNING POINTS IN CHRISTIAN HISTORY PAUL E. ENGLE 2022

ScriptureGateway.com

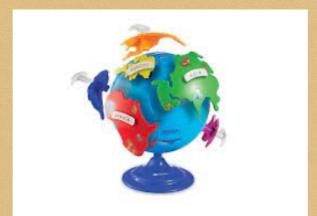


"To know nothing of what happened before you were born is to forever remain a child."

CICERO

THE REASONS FOR STUDYING CHURCH HISTORY

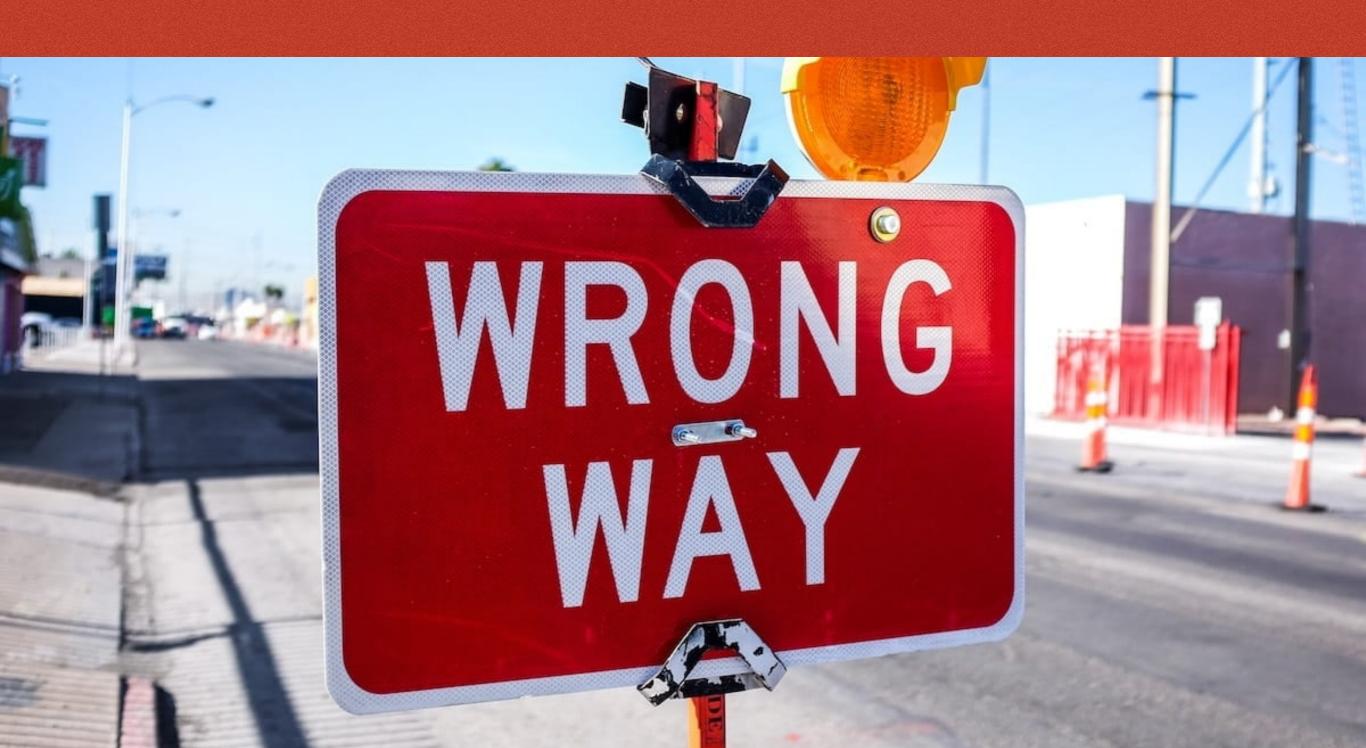
* It shows the historical character of the Christian faith (not just subjective feelings or fiction) – geography (space) and time.



* It gives us a healthy perspective on the interpretation of Scripture.



3. It helps us avoid the heresies and mistakes of the past.



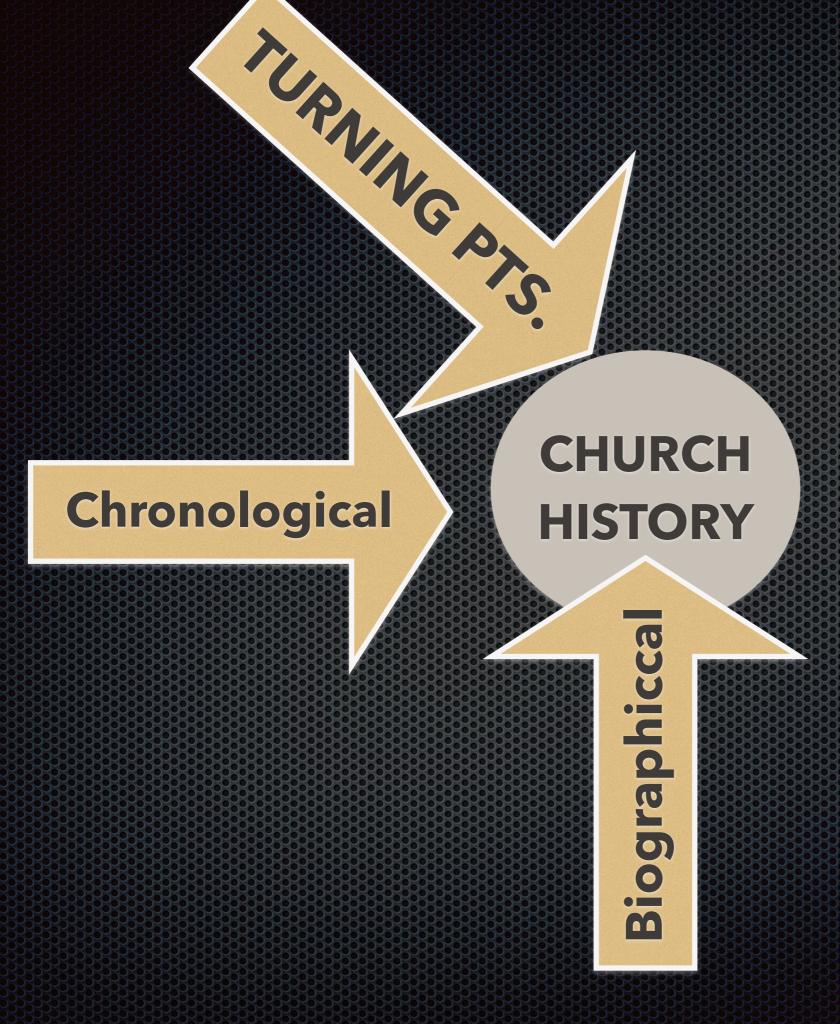
It gives us perspective to keep us humble. God can use people who have weaknesses, who make foolish mistakes.





* It helps us avoid provincialism by seeing we are part of a larger stream —helps us avoid reading our culture into the Biblical text.

* It helps us to persevere and endure until Christ returns.



Thematic

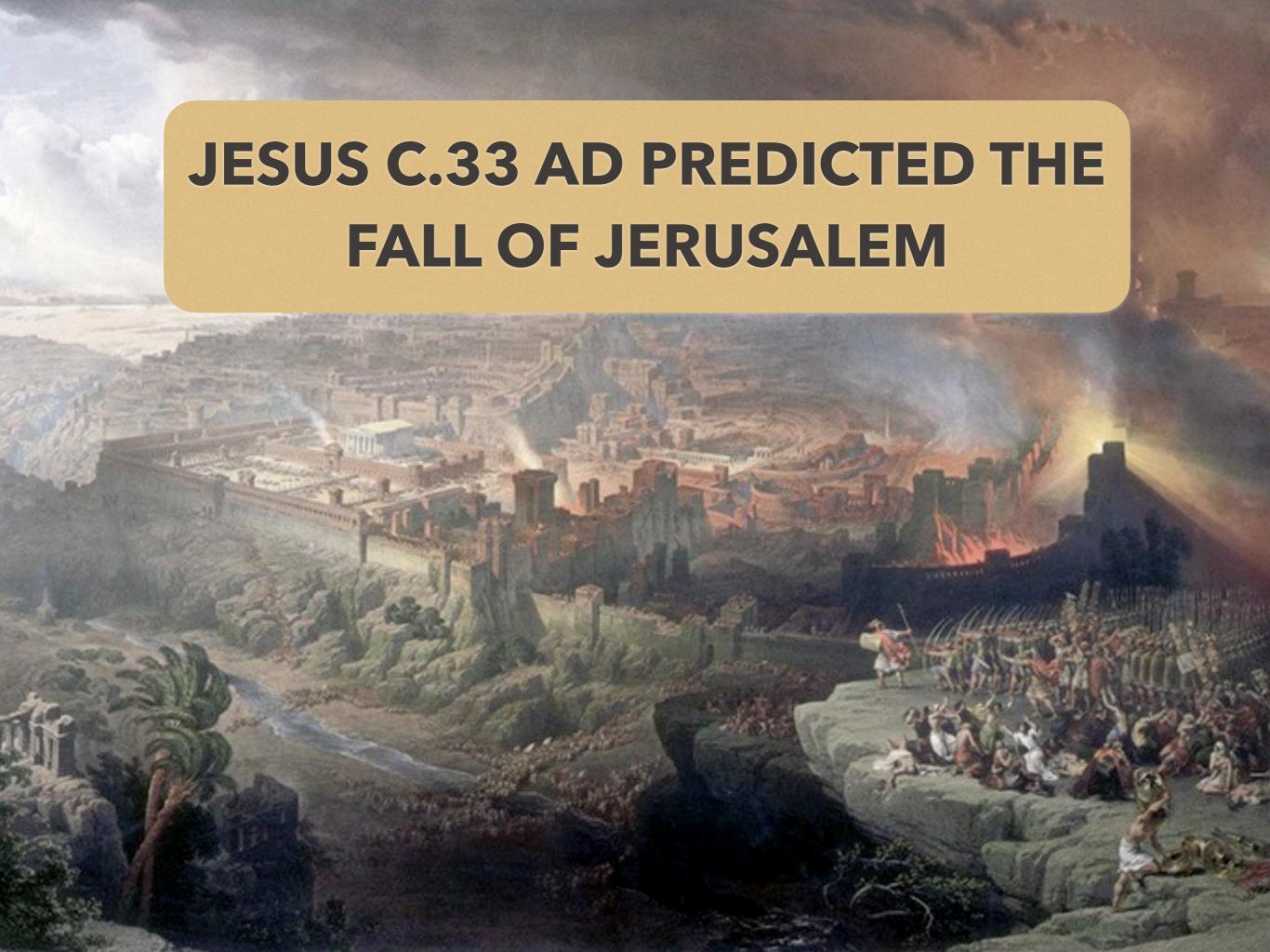
TURNING POINTS IN HISTORY



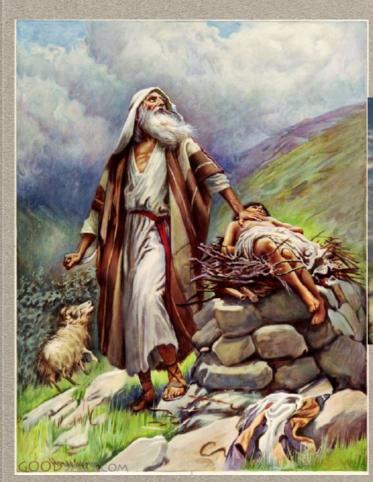
SUBJECTIVE CHOICE OF ELEVEN

#1 THE FALL OF JERUSALEM TO THE ROMANS





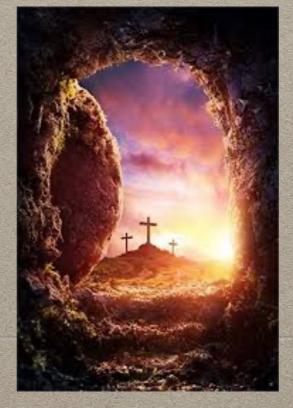
JERUSALEM FOR MANY YEARS CENTER FOR CHRISTIAN FAITH

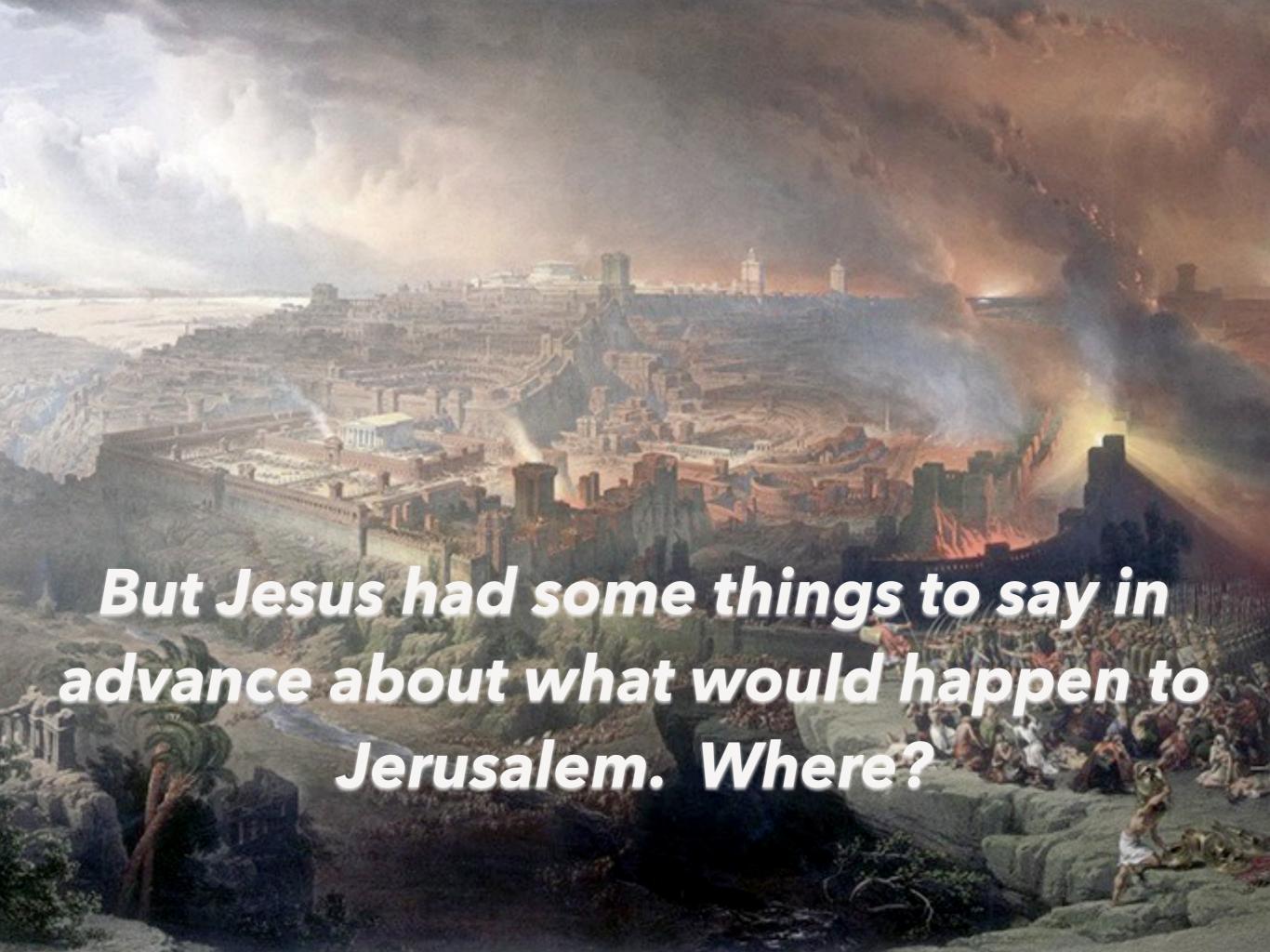


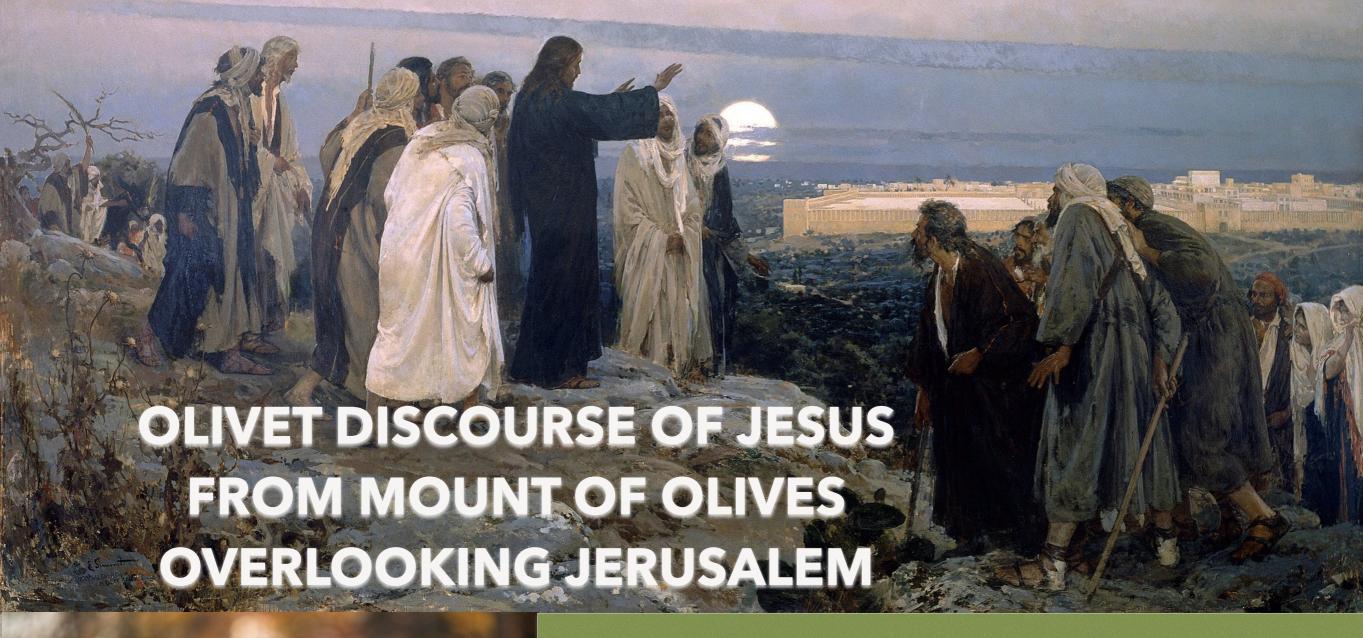








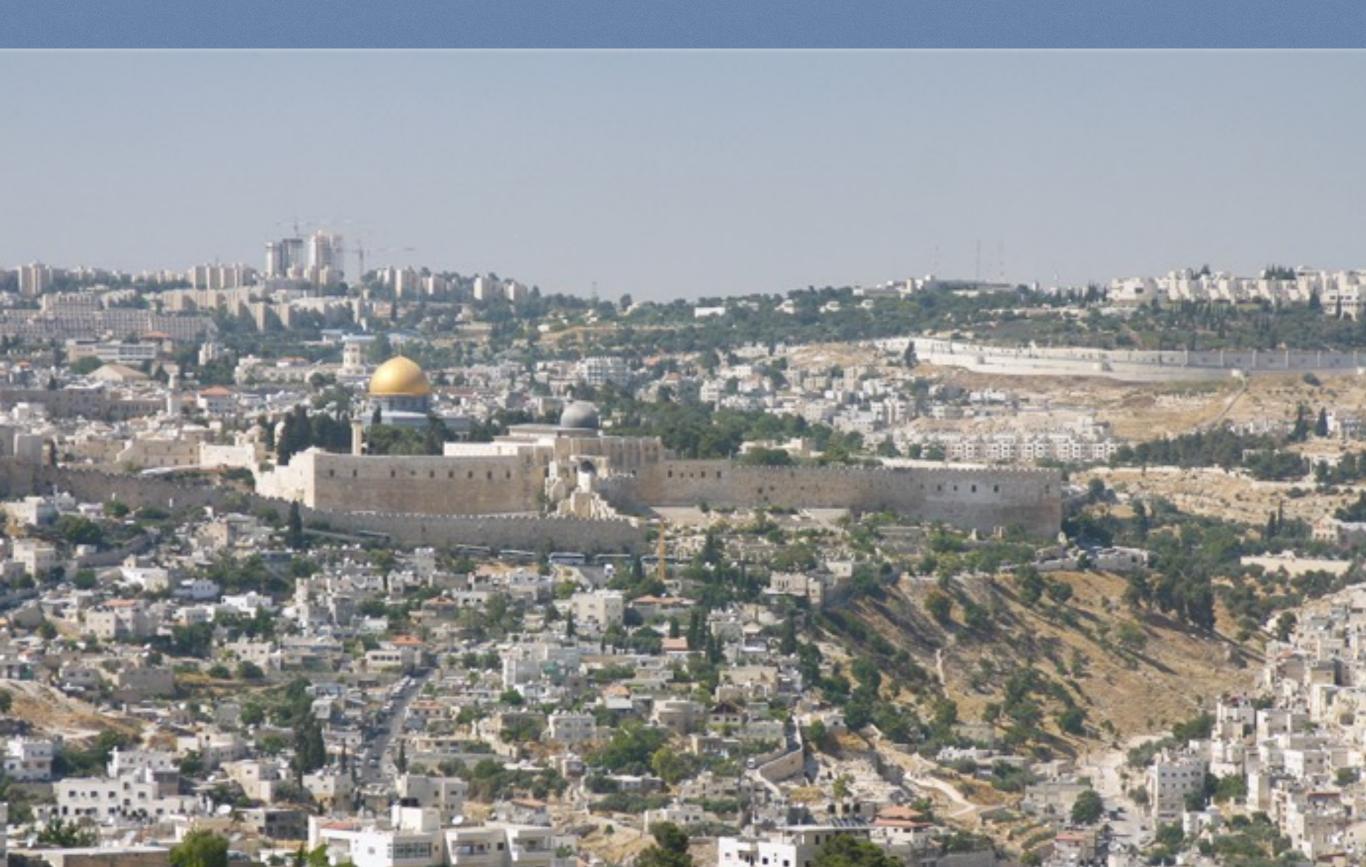






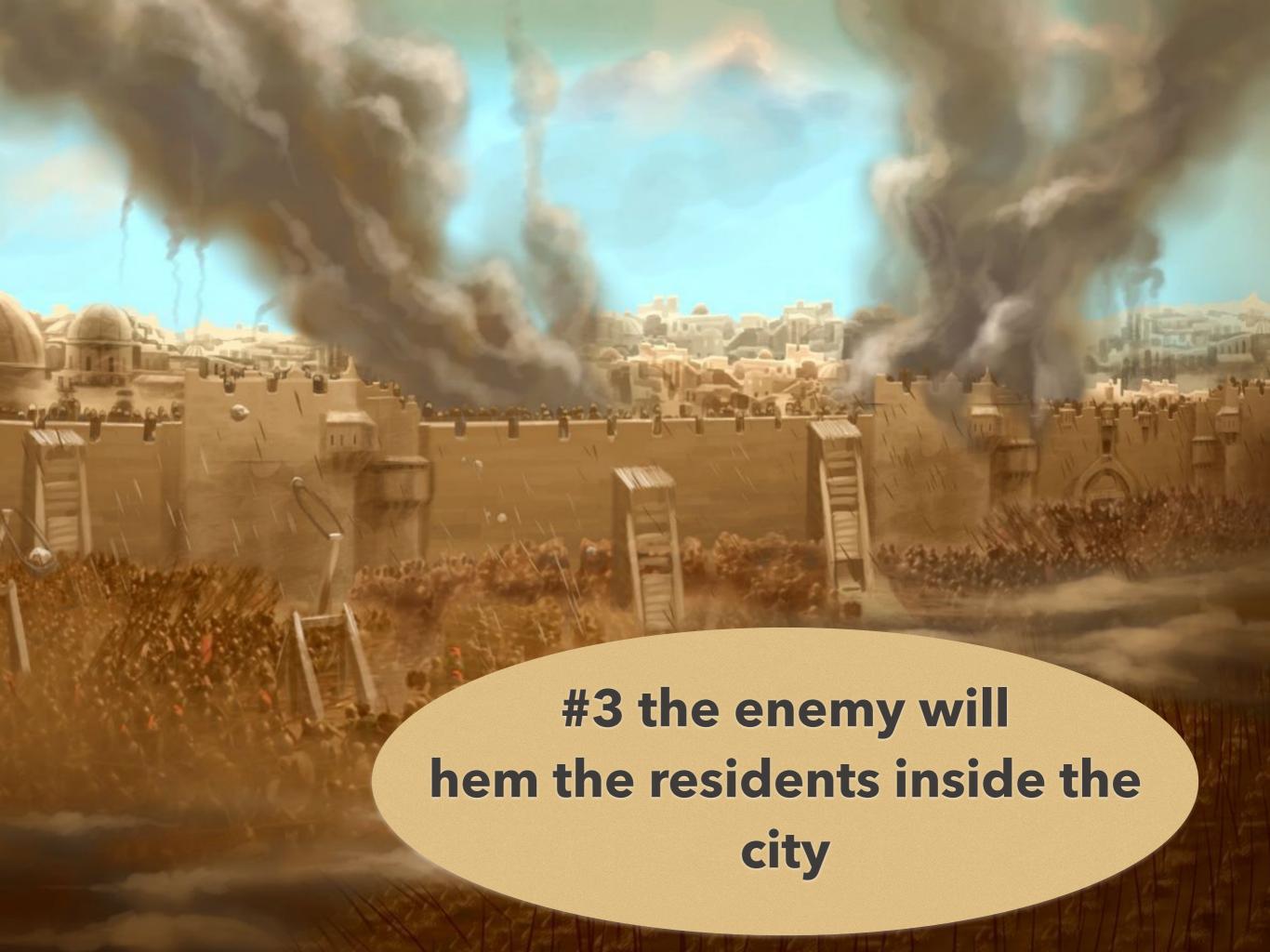
MATTHEW 24
MARK 13
LUKE 19 & 21

LUKE 19:41-44



LUKE 19:41-44 give summary of FOUR ACTIONS AS ROMANS ATTACK







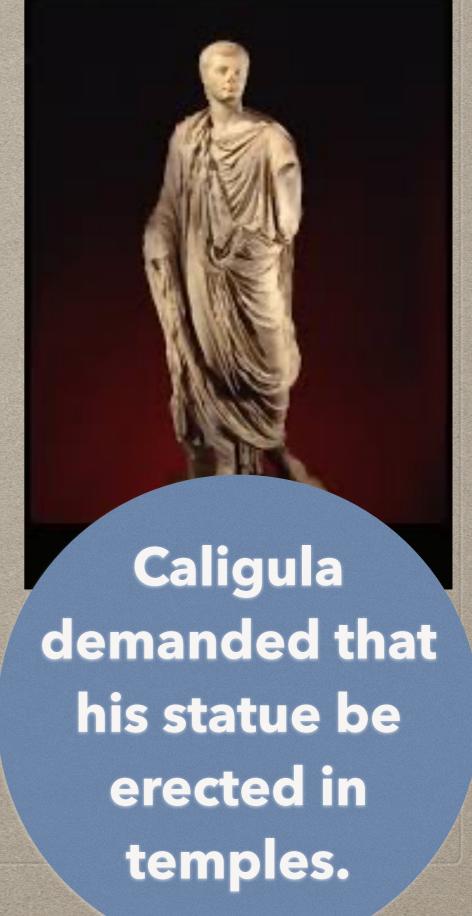
WHAT WERE THE CIRCUMSTANCES THAT LED TO THE DESTRUCTION OF JERUSALEM?





Roman Emperor Caligula ruled over Palestine

In AD 39 he declared himself a god.





Jews resisted putting his image in the Jerusalem temple. So Caligula vowed to destroy the Jews. **But he was** assassinated in January 41 AD

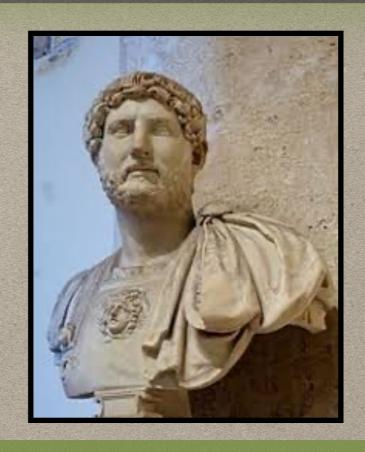


WHAT IRRITATED THE JEWS & LED TO HATRED & RESISTANCE?

- * Having to pay taxes to Roman Emperor.
- * Losing independence to foreign power.
- * Losing control to Gentiles, of all people.
- Having to give loyalty and worship to Roman emperors who were viewed as divine gods.

Rome sent procurators to Palestine to collect taxes from the Jews





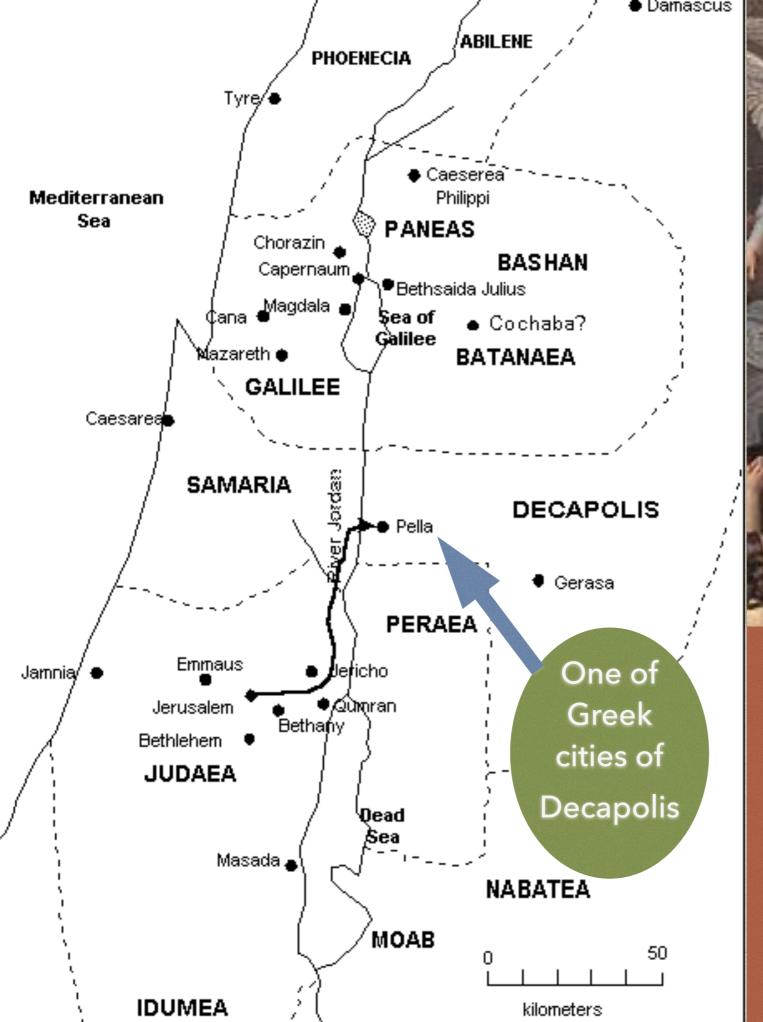
AD 66 Roman procurator FLORUS seized silver from the Jewish temple treasuries.

Jews mocked him in public protests



Florus sent soldiers to end protests. He left Jerusalem & headed to Caesarea. Left behind only 100 soldiers.

Protestors took control of fortress of Antonia, Masada, temple

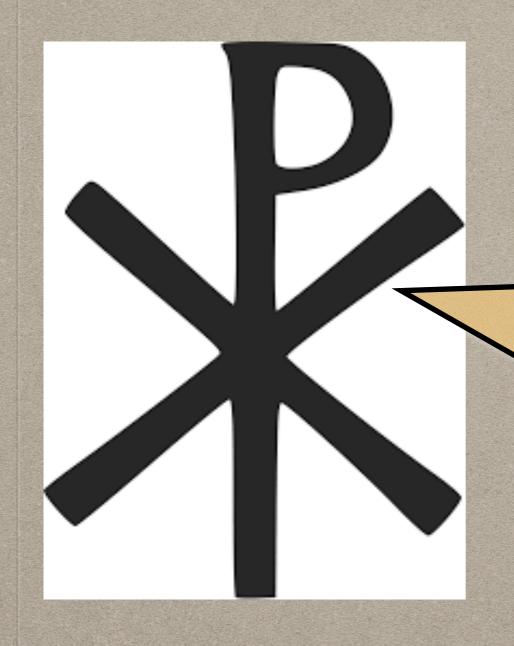




Believers fled
Jerusalem for Pella c.
AD66
cf. Eusebius 3.5 and
Epiphaniuys



Flight from Jerusalem to Pella Told by Eusebius and Epiphaniuys

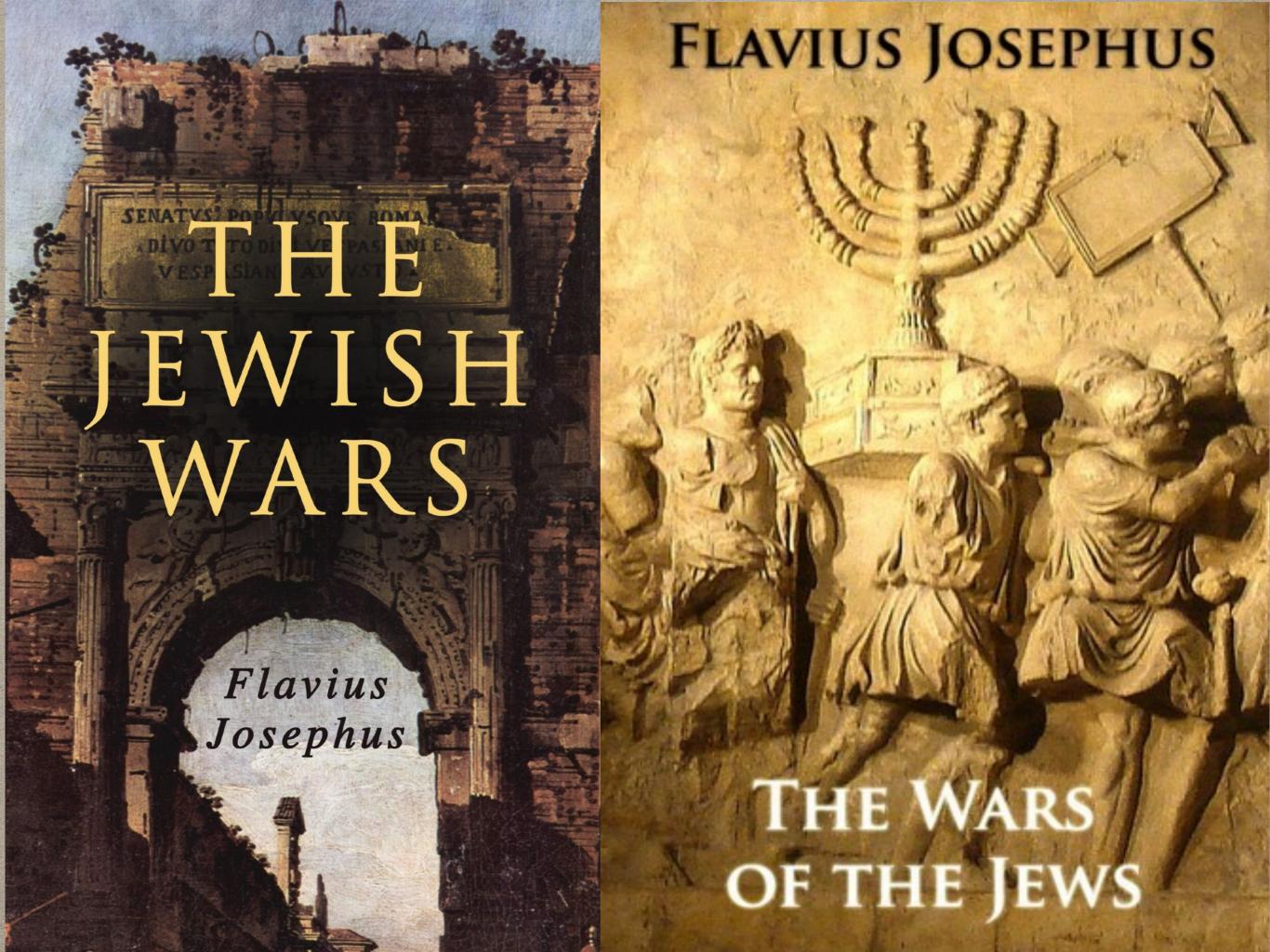


Jesus in Luke 21:20-21

"When you see Jerusalem being surrounded by armies, you will know that its desolation is near. Then let those who are in Judea flee to the mountains, let those in the city get out, and let those in the country not enter the city."



Spread beyond Jerusalem. Led to Jewish War



Josephus mentions two groups that stirred up opposition



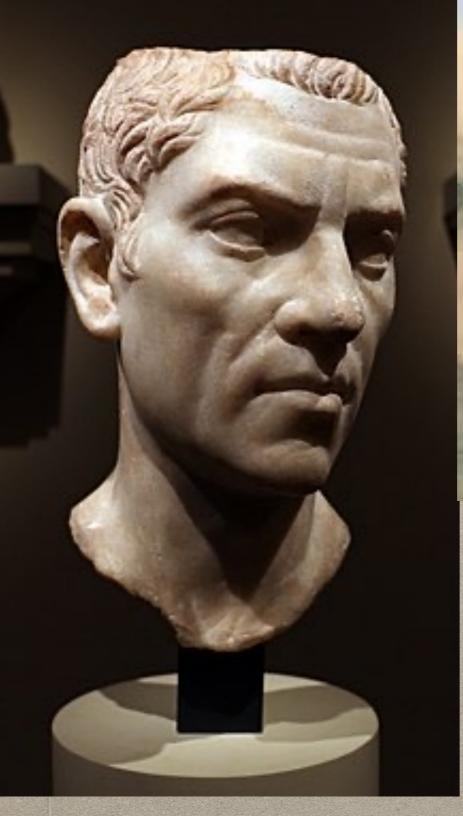
Sicarri = dagger men





Zealots



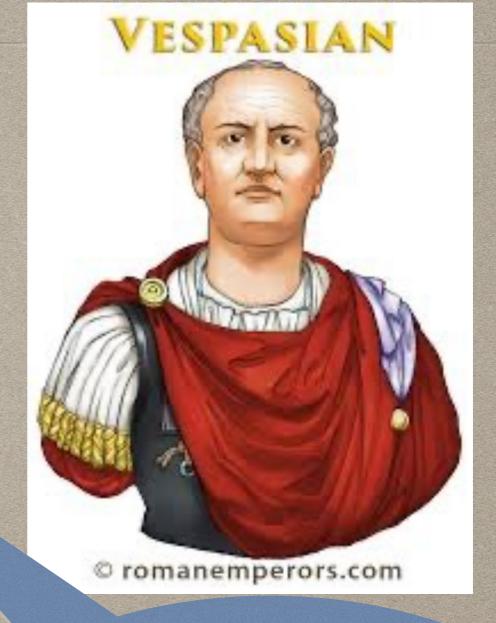


CESTIUS GALLIS
Roman governor
Of Syria



Headed with troops to Jerusalem but lost half of them. So retreated and headed back to Syria.





I sent Vespasian in AD
67 with Tenth Roman Legion
to Israel. He took back the
country for the Romans.



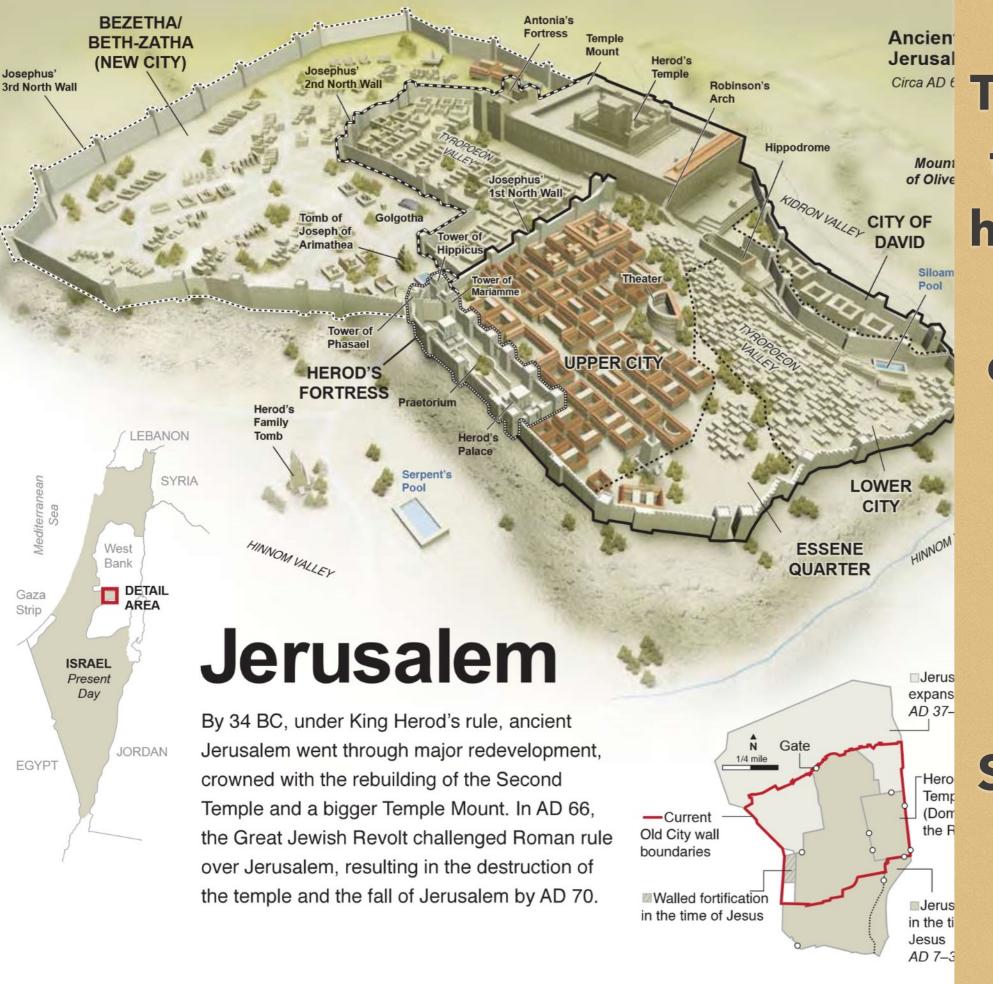


VESPASIAN REPLACES NERO **AS THE ROMAN EMPEROR - Returns** from Jerusalem in **AD 69** Left behind his son TITUS to take over the war

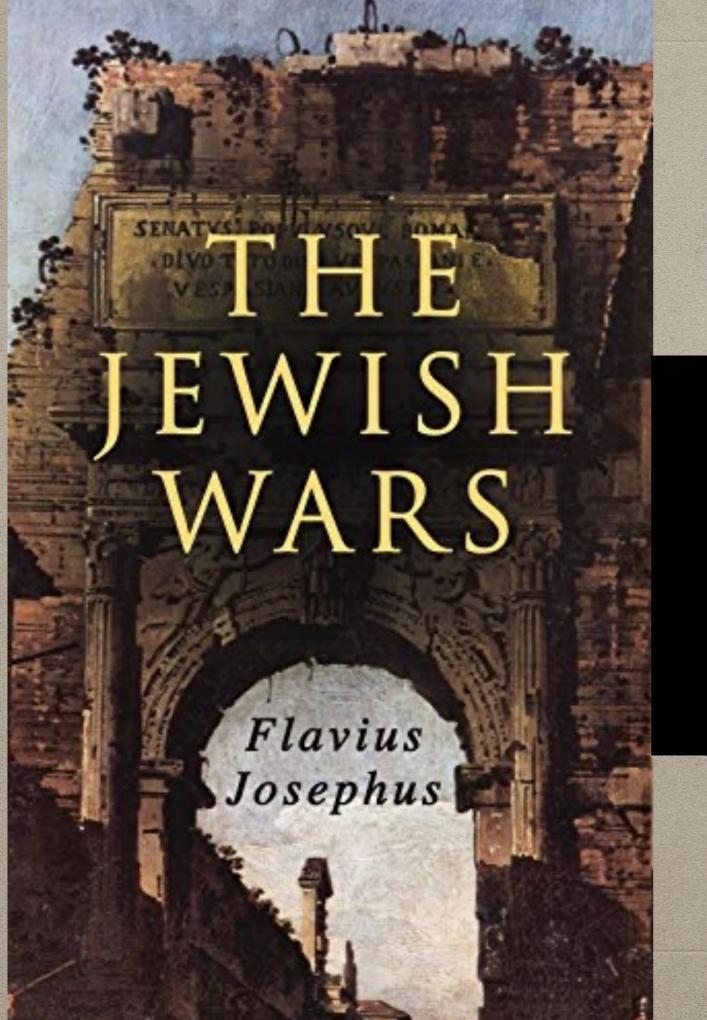
III. THE STORY OF THE SEIGE OF JERUSALEM UNDER TITUS



TITUS LEADS 4 LEGIONS OF ROMAN SOLDIERS TO LAY SIEGE TO THE WALLED CITY



Took 3 weeks to take control of heart of city. But the war extended for 3 months to control the entire city including temple. Suffering of the people was horrendous.





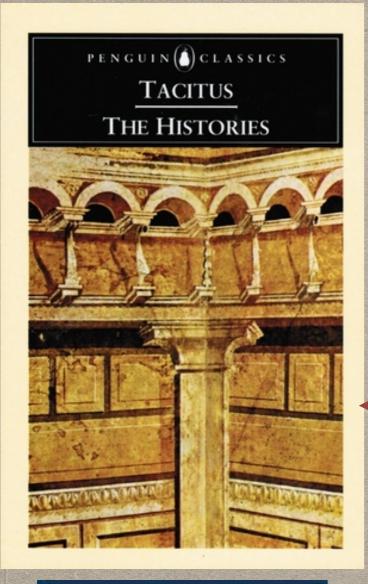


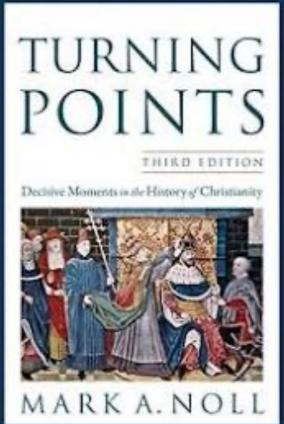
HOW DID THE ROMANS ENTER THE CITY? Siege ramp



WHY DID TITUS BURN AND DESTROY THE TEMPLE? (cf. Tacitus)







Tacitus reported that Titus deliberately wanted the temple destroyed. "For he wanted to eradicate the temple in order that the Jewish and Christian religions might more completely be abolished; for although these religions were mutually hostile, they had nevertheless sprung from the same founders; the Christians were an offshoot of the Jews, and if the root were taken away the stock would easily perish." (cf. Noll, Turning Points p. 15)





People starving. Killed off last holdouts. Wife of high priest scavenged for bread crumbs in the streets.





After battle over it was a long-hot summer

As many as one million died, 100,000 Jews enslaved



IV. WHAT ARCHAEOLOGICAL EVIDENCE DO WE HAVE FOR THE FALL OF JERUSALEM?



Fallen stones from Temple Mount destruction

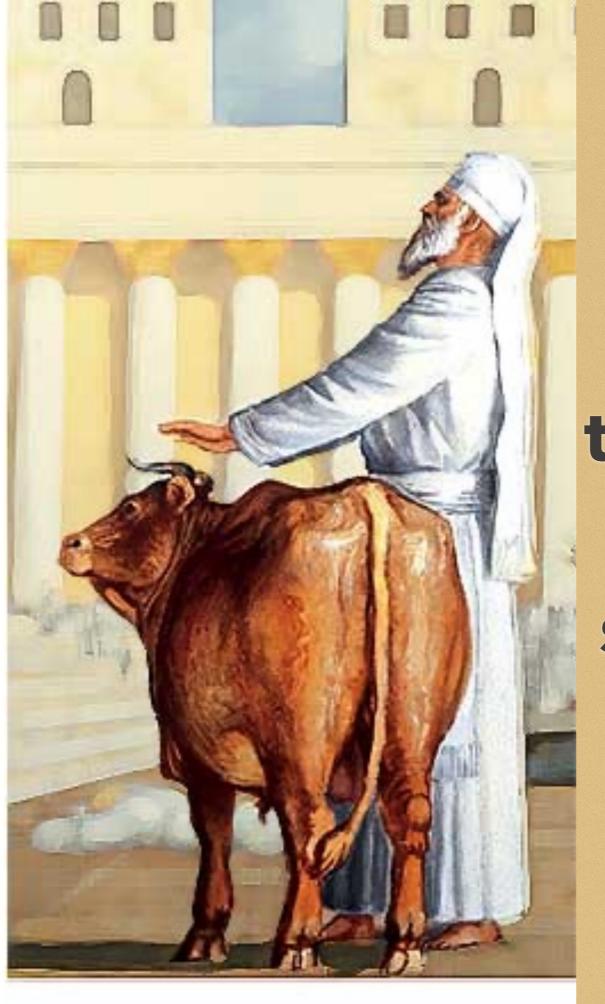




1900 years old from 82 AD 50 ft x 44 ft. x 15 ft

"People of Rome to the divine Titus Vespasian Augustus, son of Vespasian"

V. WHAT WAS THE LONG-TERM IMPACT OF THE FALL OF JERUSALEM?



1) The fall of Jerusalem with destruction of the temple marked the end of the Jewish system of offering physical sacrifices on an altar.



REBUILD THE TEMPLE? NO!

Hebrews 10:10

Hebrews 10:12 "Offered for all time a single sacrifice



2) A split developed moving the followers of Jesus away from the Jewish community and practices.

3) The fall of Jerusalem was a sign of God's judgment on unresponsive people. Luke 19:44 "They will not leave one stone on another, because you did not recognize the time of God's coming to you."



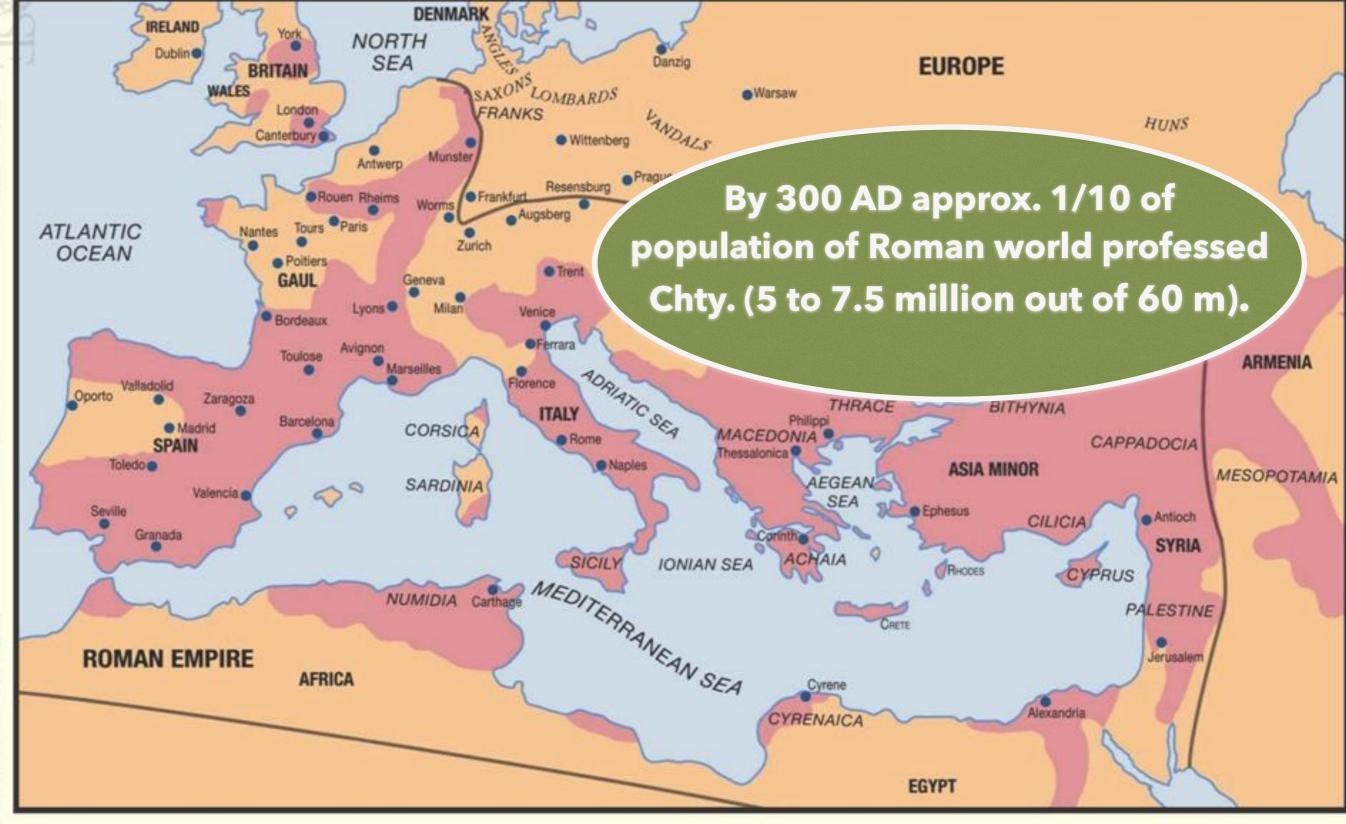


4) The fall of Jerusalem was used providentially by God to scatter believers to other parts of the world.

New Testament Churches Palestine - Syria Soon more Christians in Antioch Damascus than in Capernaum Mediterranean Jerusalem Sea Pella (Acts Jerusalem Lydda 11:19) BibleStudy.org







- Boundary of the Roman Empire AD 325
- Expansion of Christianity in the Roman Empire AD 325



The true story of the Fall of Jerusalem & judgment of sin begins to make sense if we believe in the doctrine of <u>providence</u>, realizing that life still has some <u>unanswered questions.</u>

HEIDELBERG CATECHISM

- 27. Q. What do you understand by the providence of God?
- A. God's providence is His almighty and ever present power,[1] whereby, as with His hand, He still upholds heaven and earth and all creatures,[2] and so governs them that leaf and blade, rain and drought, fruitful and barren years, food and drink, health and sickness, riches and poverty,[3] indeed, all things, come not by chance[4] but by His fatherly hand.[5]
- Heb. 1:3. . . . sustaining all things by His powerful word
- Acts 14:17 . . . He has shown kindness by giving you rain from heaven and crops in their seasons



NEXT SESSION:

CONSTANTINE THE GREAT AND THE EDICT OF MILAN